Transport Opertaion Technology – Short history of Transport

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- □ Faculty of Mechanical Engineering (GPK)
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- □ Faculty of Chemical Technology and Biotechnology (VBK)
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 Engineering (KJK)
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BME Faculty of Transportation Engineering and Vehicle Engineering

- Department of Material handling and Logistic Systems
- Department of Automotive Technologies
- Department of Vehicle and and Vehicle Structure Analysis
- Department of Control for Transport Vehicle System
- Department of Transport Technology and Economics
- Department of Railway Vehicles, Aircraft and Ships
- Technical Training Center



Transport history

History of:

- Urban transport (Budapest)
- Water transport
- Railway transport
- Air transport
- Vehicle traffic

1. History of Urban transport

■ 1.1 Beginnings

Horse towed coaches



Transporting more people simultaneously: public transporte

Omnibus: (1832) more horse → bigger passenger volume



■ XIX. s. due to its industrial revolution, the size of cities is significantly increased → major demands on public transport:

Horse Railway (1866)





Appearance of a steam engine:

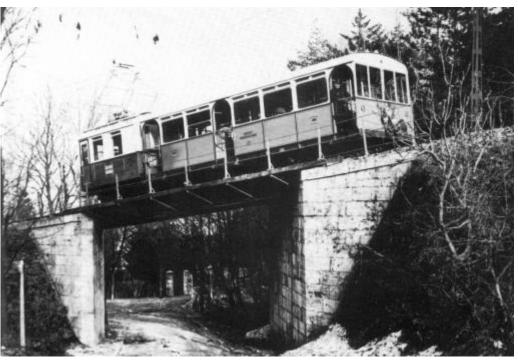
Funicular (1870)



Decrease in the size of steam engines

- use on mobile vehicles
- Svábhegy cog railway(1874)





The HÉVs also appear as a result of industrialization

They mainly deliver agricultural produce to

the capital (1887)

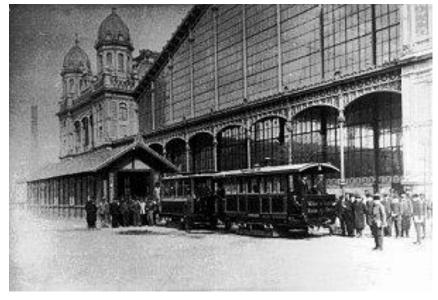


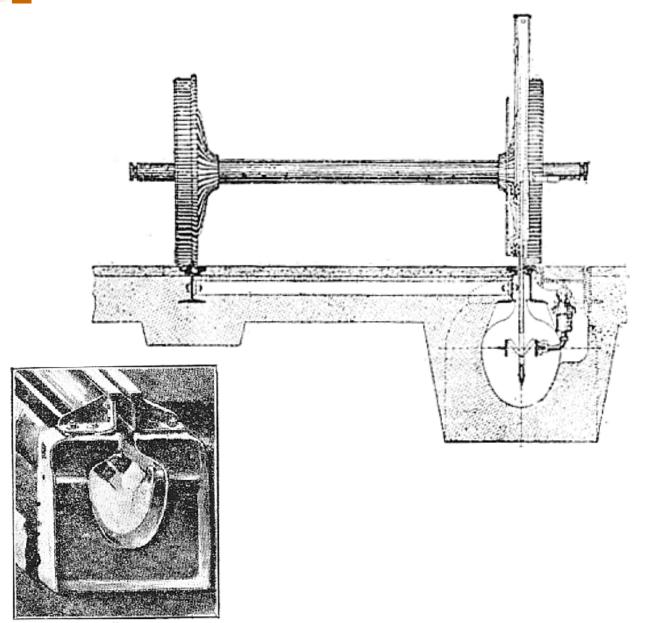


1.2 The appearance of electricity

- 1887 Nyugati pu Király utca
- max. 10 km/h; 145 V















■ Trolibus Berlin: 1892, Óbuda (Part of Budapest): 1933





1.3Internal combustion engine -Bus

- End of 19th century Firstly bigger car with 5-6 person
- Beginning of 20th century vechicles with 30-40 people double.
- At first, there were wooden vehicles with wooden seats.
- IKARUS a major bus company.



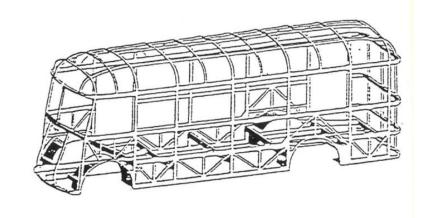
First bus Karl Benz (1896)



Ikarus 30: the first self-supporting bodywork vehicle



Bus, made by Rába factory (1932)



Self-supporting structure





Ikarus 66



Trailer for buses



The first articulated bus

Ikarus 200 series

■ 1.4 Metro

Line 2.

- Planning1*950-1954*; and from *1963*
- First track: 1970. Fehér út Deák Ferenc tér (in 1972 the whole line)





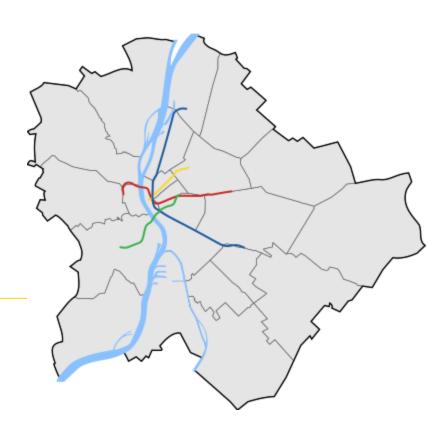
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Metro line 3.

- 1976: Deák Ferenc tér Nagyvárad tér
- 1980: Kőbánya-Kispest
- 1981: north to Lehel square
- 1984: Árpád híd
- 1990: Újpest központ

Metro line 4.

- Building: 2006-2014
- Price: 452 billion Ft (1.5 billion Euro); that is 332 billion Ft (1.1 billion Euro) more than planned



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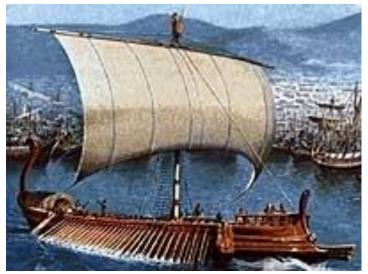
2. History of shipping

2.1 Creation of ships

- Among all transport sub-sectors, the history of shipping dates back to the oldest
 - Wood floats in the water
- In the Tigris and Euphrates rivers, as there are few wood-animal-made vessels in desert countries

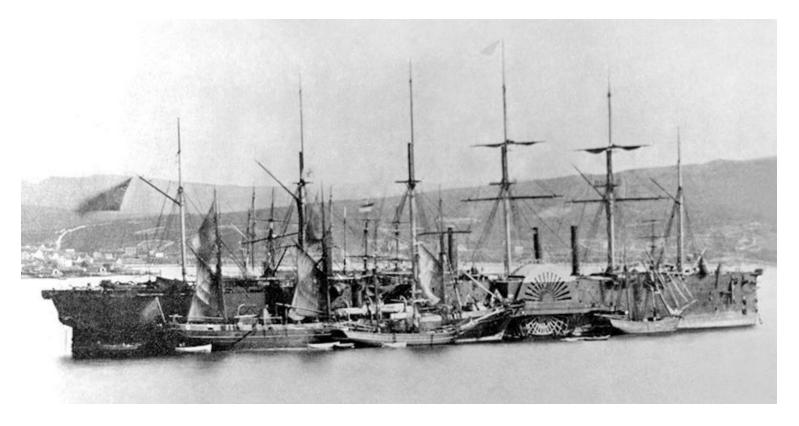


Santa Maria, Cristoforo Colombo



Rowing-sailing boat

- XVIII. century, capitalism needs more accurate and reliable vessels
- appearance of steam engines shipbuilding
- At first, steam engines are only auxiliary (secondary)



■ 2.2 Inland waterway transport

- Even though the steamship is the conqueror of the rivers, the history of the ships is still related to the seas
- River ships are usually smaller, and water scarcity is more restrictive than navigability.

- Downhole rafts rafts
- Maneuvering towards a flow maneuvering with animal force (possibly with a locomotive)







Teilansicht von d



Teilansicht von der Treidelbahn.



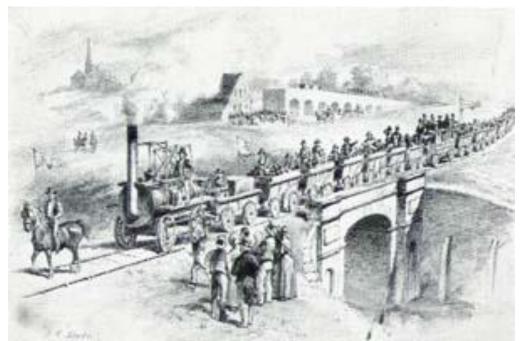
3. The history of the railway

- The first steam locomotive was built by a certain R. Trevithick: in 1804 he was able to remove a loaded silhouette
- However, George Stephenson's name was better preserved: the steam engine of his "Rocket" was towed between Stockton and Darlington on 27 September <u>1825</u> on the first train
- 1830: Year of the Mancherter-Liverpool steampowered train from which rail traffic can be calculated



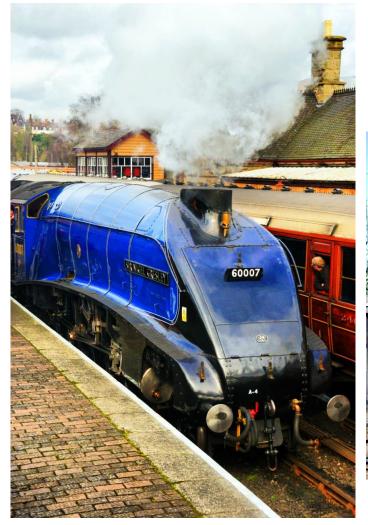
"Rocket" steam engine

A Stockton Darlington opening a line



■ In Hungary, the first railway line opened in 1846 between Pest and Vác, as part of the Pest-Vienna railway line.







The recorder is a locomotive named "Mallard"

Steam engine "424"







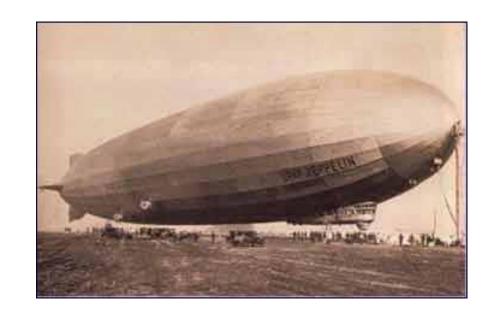


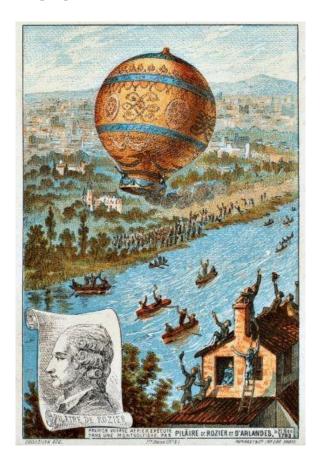




4. History of flight

- 4.1 Technical development
- 1783 France's first hot-air balloon
- Lighter gases than air use airship





- Wright brothers 1903 propeller aircraft
- In 1909 the Frenchman Bleriot managed to navigate the La Manche channe

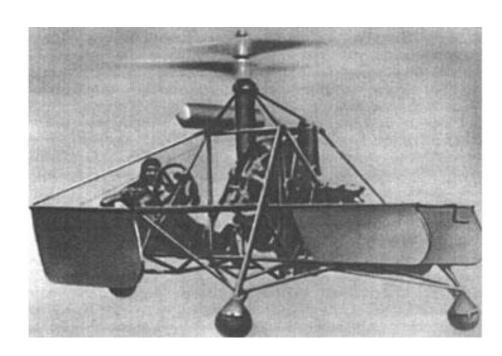




- Technological development Stronger aircraft engines → larger and faster aircrafts
- First passenger airplane have also appeared
- Oceans fly over for the first time 1919 two people, 1927 Charles Lindbergh



Helicopters before World War II years



Asbóth Oszkár

- Propeller-driven machines 7-800 km/h
- Radiation gears supersonic flying1947



■ 4.2 Development of air control

- Initially in good weather orientation with land vision
- Taking over from shipping: air navigation, aeronautics, air-navigation.
- Around 1920 in America on Night Route (mail flight) on light deducted route like lighthouse shelters

- I. world war has brought significant technical upheaval
- The name of a larger building must be written on top
- Radio on board of airplanes
- Desided on earth the position of airplanes
- Determination of Route Network and Aerial Caps
- In 1927, frequency allocation

Radar control

- II. World War Achievement is the radar
- Systems for bombing bombers allowed regular intercontinental flights
- The spread of short and ultra-short wave radio waves → the morze signals are replaced by the loudspeaker
- Radar control is used to control process control
- Reply sensors







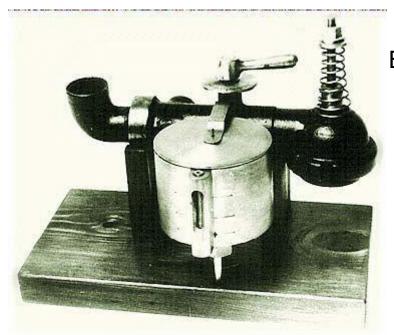
5. The history of car

Cougnot 1769

It was born earlier than the steam locomotive



- XIX. s. combustion engine
- at first gas vaporation
- then carburation: Donát Bánki János Csonka
- (W. Maybach's invention lasted half a year ago)
- First Petrol Vehicle 1884, France.
- Quite like a horse carriage



Bánki-Csonka carburator



1886 first car of Carl Benz

- For stronger engines, ladder-shaped steel frames have been built
- The body was also made of wood (filth injuries); metal enclosure and metal fabrication.
- From 1930 on, smaller cars did not have a chassis - self-supporting structure.
- XIX. s. even open cars (typical "driver" dress)
- 1890 lamps at the front of the car (at first petrol lamp or oil lamp; early carb., 1910 electric)



Post car by Csonka János the only one peace in BME "J" building

- Ford T Model Series Production (There were also A-S models)
- Chief Constructor, Chief Engineer, Director Galamb József:
- Today, comfort, security, support electronics, emission control programs ...



Ford T modell